

Company: Company

Project: IE HECTOR MANUEL VIDES BALLESTEROS (MÓDULO 1)

File: C:\IE REGIDOR\MOD1.rcb

Engineer: Name

4:52:05 p. m. 26/06/2025

WIND LOADS NSR-10

Wind pressure

$$p = q G C_p \text{ rigid buildings}$$

$$= q G_f C_p \text{ flexible buildings}$$

$$q_z = 0.00483 K_z K_{zt} K_d V^2 I \text{ (Kg/m}^2\text{); } V \text{ in Km/h}$$

WIND LOADING PARAMETERS

Basic wind speed (Km/h), V = 125

V: 3-second gust speed at 10 m, with annual probability of 0.002

Importance factor, I = 1.15

OCCUPANCY CATEGORY	IMPORTANCE (1)	F A C T O R (2)
I Normal occupancy buildings	0.87	0.77
II Especial occupancy buildings	1.00	1.00
III Public assistance facilities	1.15	1.15
IV Essential facilities	1.15	1.15
(1): Non-hurricane prone regions with V=140-160 km/h		
(2): Hurricane prone regions with V >160 Km/h		

Exposure category = C

ROUGHNESS	DESCRIPTION
B	Urban and suburban areas, wooded areas, obstructions >30ft
C	Open terrain with scattered obstructions less than 30 ft
D	Flat, unobstructed areas, wind over large bodies of water

Directionality factor, K_d = 0.85Topographic factor, K_{zt} = 1.0

$$K_{zt} = (1 + K_1 K_2 K_3)^2$$

Wall pressure coefficients, C_p

Windward wall	 = 0.8
Leeward wall (Wind X)	 = -0.289
Leeward wall (Wind Y)	 = -0.5
Side walls	 = -0.7
Roof	 = 0.0

GUST EFFECTS FACTORS

Basic wind velocity, (Km/h) = 125

Exposure category = C

Exposed height, (m) = 3.55

	X-direction	Y-direction	
Computed natural frequency, f (Hz) =	5.714	4.255	
Height / Length ratio, H/L =	.09	.2	
Structure clasification =	RIGID	RIGID	
Background response index, Q =	.9	.856	(Eq. B.6.5-4)
Resonant response factor, R ₁ *.... =	.066	.065	(Eq. B.6.5-8)
Gh: Rigid - Simplified analysis .. =	.85	.85	(Sec B.6.5.8.1)
Gh: Rigid - Complete analysis =	.868	.843	(Eq. B.6.5-2)
Gf: Flexible -Analytical(2% dampng)=	1.048	1.005	(Eq. B.6.5-6)
Gf: Flexible -Analytical(1% dampng)=	1.048	1.005	(Eq. B.6.5-6)

Gust effects factor, G = .868 .843

* 1% damping ratio. For damping ratio β, R = R₁ * (0.01/β)^½

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VELOCITYPRESSURE

Floor	Height	Pressure
-	z, m	qz, K/m2
-----	-----	-----
2	3.54	63.297
1	0.0	63.297

ACCIDENTAL TORSION FOR WIND LOADS

	X-direction	Y-direction
	-----	-----
Accidental eccentricity as a percentage of building dimension, (%)=	15	15

WY is Envelope of:
Case 1: Pwy + Ply
Case 2: 0.75 (Pwy + Ply) + Mt
Mt=0.75(Pwy+Ply)Bx ex

WX is Envelope of:
Case 1: Pwx + Plx
Case 2: 0.75 (Pwx + Plx) + Mt
Mt=0.75(Pwx+Plx)By ey

NOTE: Load cases 3 and 4 are handled through load combinations

ACCIDENTAL ECCENTRICITY WIND LOADS

	X-DIRECTION (WY)	Y-DIRECTION (WX)
	-----	-----
Level	ex	ey
-	(m)	(m)
-----	-----	-----
2	5.90	2.66

WY is Envelope of:
Case 1: Pwy + Ply
Case 2: 0.75 (Pwy + Ply) + Mt
Mt=0.75(Pwy+Ply)Bx ex

WX is Envelope of:
Case 1: Pwx + Plx
Case 2: 0.75 (Pwx + Plx) + Mt
Mt=0.75(Pwx+Plx)By ey

NOTE: Load cases 3 and 4 are handled through load combinations

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Wind nodal forces:

$P_w = \sum p_z A_i$
 $P_s = \sum p_h A_i$
 $A_i = \text{Nodal tributary area}$

$P_l = \sum p_h A_i$
 $P_r = \sum p_h A_i$

W I N D F O R C E S : X - D I R E C T I O N					
Floor No	Height z, m	Windward Pw, Ton	Leeward Pl, Ton	Side Ps, Ton	Roof Pr, Ton
2	3.54	1.38	0.50	2.69	0.0
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.11	0.0

Base shear, $V:\sum(P_w+P_l)$.. = 1.88 ton

Building Weight, W = 244.41 ton ($V/W = 0.008$)

Overturning moment

From horizontal forces . = 6.67 ton-m

From roof forces = 0.0 ton-m

Total moment, Mo = 6.67 ton-m

Stabilizing moment, Ms.... = 5682.25 ton-m ($M_o/M_s = 0.001$)

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$P_l = \sum p_h A_i$

$P_r = \sum p_h A_i$

W I N D F O R C E S : Y - D I R E C T I O N					
Floor No	Height z, m	Windward Pw, Ton	Leeward Pl, Ton	Side Ps, Ton	Roof Pr, Ton
2	3.54	2.98	1.86	1.16	0.0
1	0.0	0.12	0.07	0.0	0.0

Base shear, $V:\sum(P_w+P_l)$.. = 5.03 ton

Building Weight, W = 244.41 ton (V/W = 0.021)

Overturning moment

From horizontal forces . = 17.20 ton-m

From roof forces = 0.0 ton-m

Total moment, Mo = 17.20 ton-m

Stabilizing moment, Ms.... = 1069.73 ton-m (Mo/Ms = 0.016)